

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname	Other names						
<b>Pearson Edexcel</b> <b>International</b> <b>Advanced Level</b>	Centre Number <table border="1" style="width: 100%; height: 20px; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%;"></td> <td style="width: 15%;"></td> <td style="width: 15%;"></td> <td style="width: 15%;"></td> <td style="width: 15%;"></td> <td style="width: 15%;"></td> </tr> </table>						
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<b>Monday 15 October 2018</b>							
Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)	Paper Reference <b>WEC02/01</b>						
<b>Economics</b> <b>International Advanced Subsidiary</b> <b>Unit 2: Macroeconomic Performance and Policy</b>							
<b>You do not need any other materials.</b>	Total Marks						

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** the questions in Section A and **one** question from Section B.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*
- You should take care in your responses with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.
- Calculators may be used.

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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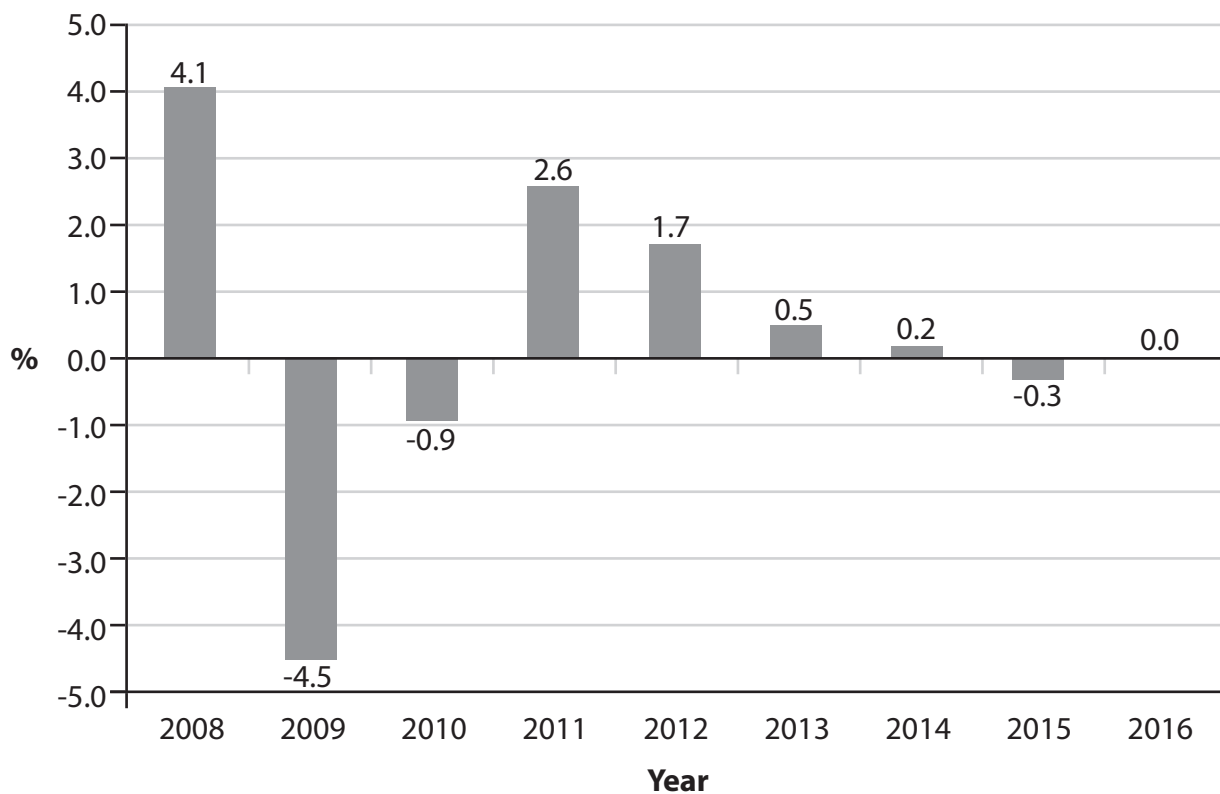



Pearson





3 The chart shows the annual percentage change in consumer prices as measured by the consumer price index (CPI) for Ireland between 2008 and 2016.



(Source: <http://data.worldbank.org/indicator/FP.CPI.TOTL.ZG>)

(a) From this chart, it can be deduced that

(1)

- A there was deflation between 2011 and 2013
- B there was disinflation between 2009 and 2010
- C average consumer prices were higher in 2013 than in 2011
- D average consumer prices were lower in 2015 than in 2011

Answer



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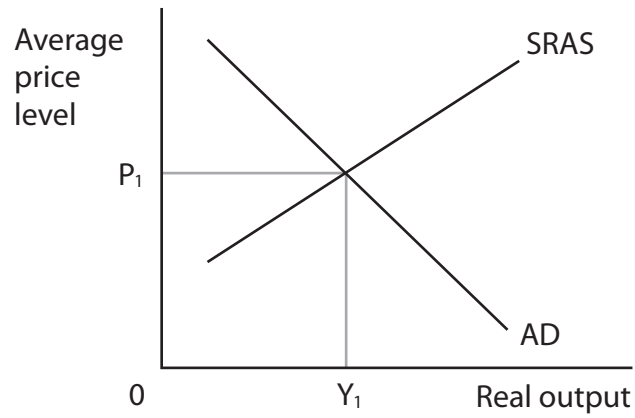
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- 4 The aggregate demand (AD) and short-run aggregate supply (SRAS) diagram represents the economy of Switzerland with equilibrium real output at  $Y_1$  and price level at  $P_1$ .



- (a) Which of the following are most likely to result from an increase in the value of Switzerland's currency against the euro and other major currencies?

	<b>AD curve</b>	<b>SRAS curve</b>
<b>A</b>	Leftward shift	Rightward shift
<b>B</b>	Rightward shift	Leftward shift
<b>C</b>	Leftward shift	Leftward shift
<b>D</b>	No shift	No shift

(1)

Answer



(b) Explanation

(3)

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**(Total for Question 4 = 4 marks)**

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**5** The UK Government plans to spend £17.6 billion building a new runway at Heathrow Airport. The final increase in GDP as a result of this investment is estimated to be £56.32 billion.

(a) In this case the value of the multiplier would be

(1)

- A** 0.3
- B** 1.0
- C** 3.2
- D** 4.0

Answer

(b) Explanation

(3)

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**(Total for Question 5 = 4 marks)**

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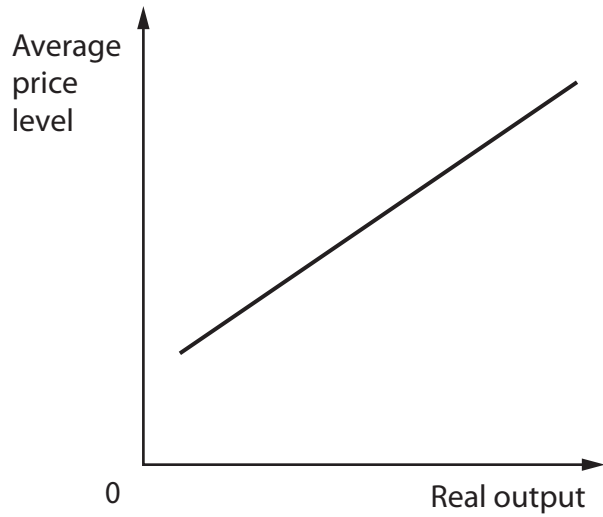
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**BLANK PAGE**  
**QUESTION 6 BEGINS ON THE NEXT PAGE.**

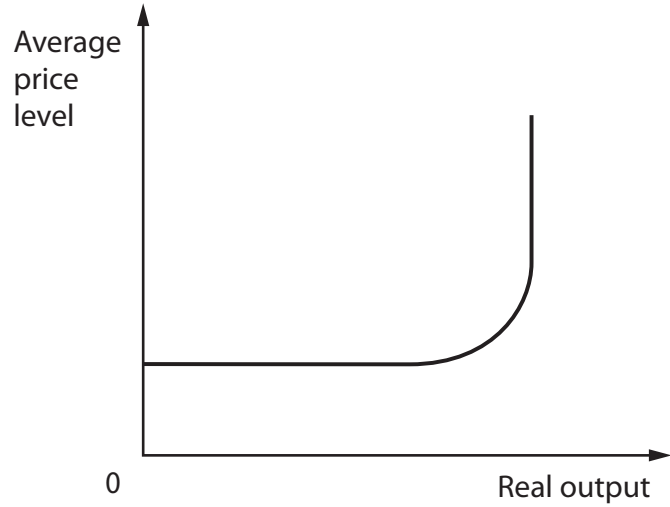


6 (a) Which one of the following diagrams illustrates a Keynesian aggregate supply (AS) curve? (1)

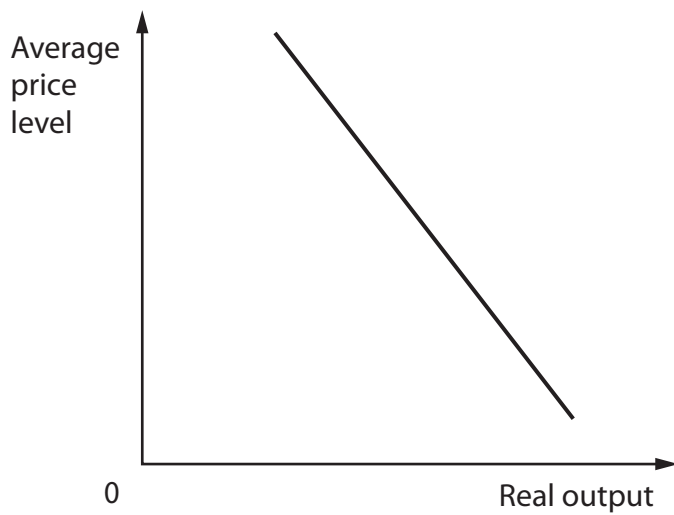
**A**



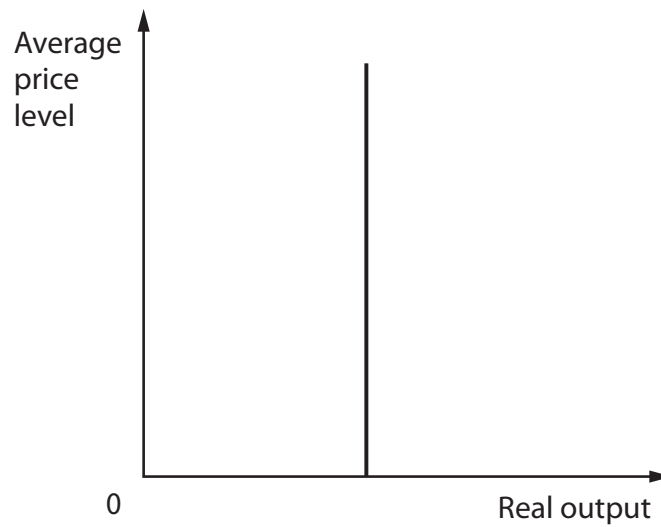
**B**



**C**



**D**



Answer

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(b) Explanation

(3)

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7 The table shows selected economic indicators for an economy in 2016.

Indicator	Annual percentage change
Nominal GDP growth	9.0%
Rate of inflation	6.5%
Population growth	2.5%

(a) The annual percentage change in real GDP per capita was

(1)

- A 5.0%
- B 2.5%
- C 0.0%
- D -2.5%

Answer

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(b) Explanation

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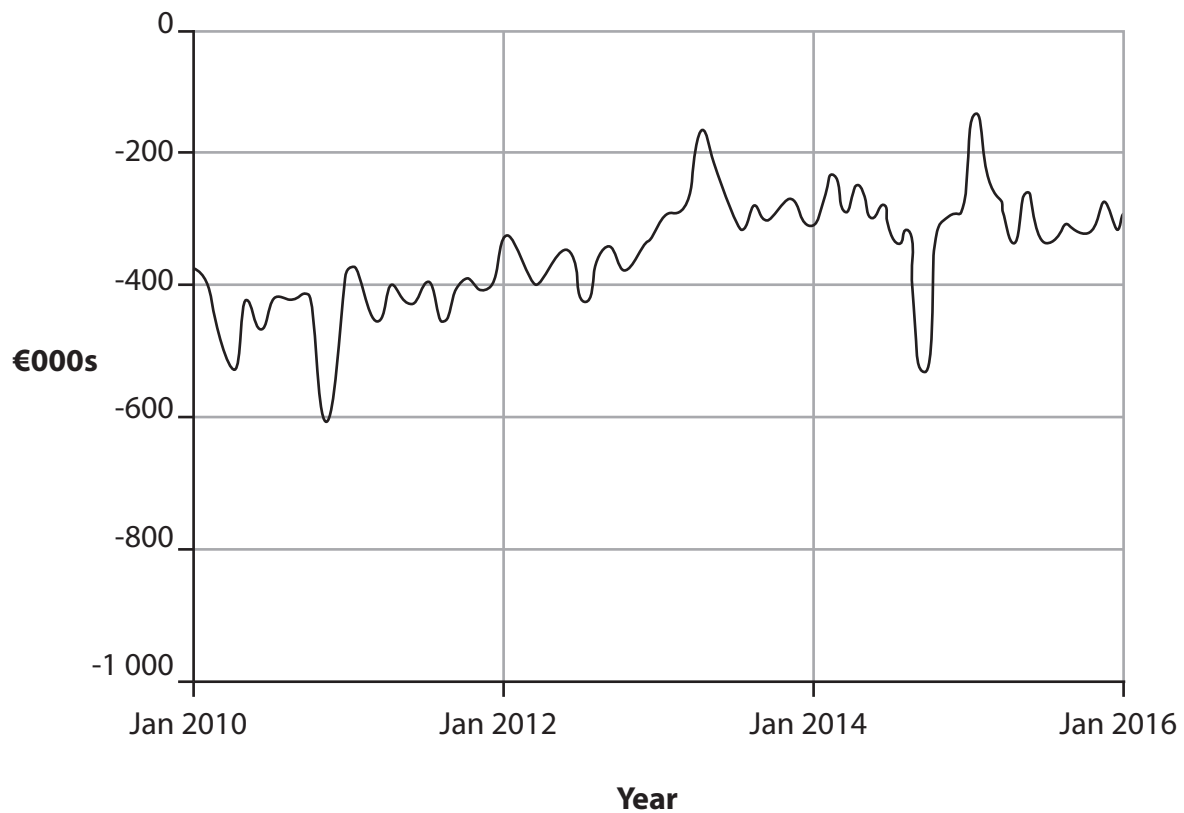
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8 The chart shows the balance of trade of Cyprus between January 2010 and January 2016.



(Source: <http://www.tradingeconomics.com/cyprus/balance-of-trade>)

(a) From this chart it can be deduced that, for the whole of this period,

(1)

- A the value of exports was greater than the value of imports
- B government expenditure was greater than tax revenues
- C the value of savings was greater than the value of investment
- D the value of imports was greater than the value of exports

Answer



(b) Explanation

(3)

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(Total for Question 8 = 4 marks)

**TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 32 MARKS**

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**SECTION B**

**Answer EITHER Question 9 OR Question 10.**

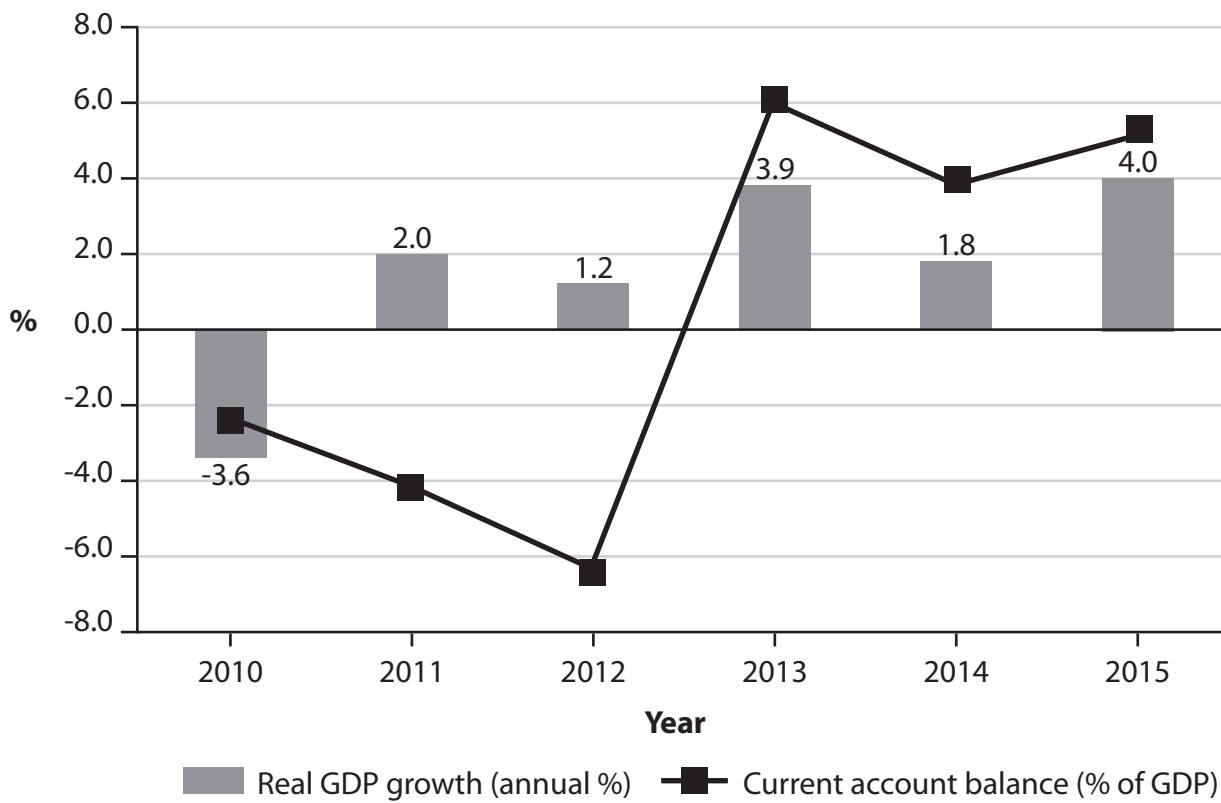
**You are advised to spend 55 minutes on this question.**

**If you answer Question 9 put a cross in the box .**

**Question 10 starts on page 28.**

**9 The economy of Iceland**

**Figure 1 Annual percentage change in real GDP and balance of payments on current account as a percentage of GDP, 2010–2015**



(Source: <http://data.worldbank.org/country/Iceland>)

**Figure 2 Selected economic indicators, 2010–2015**

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Consumption (annual % change)</b>	-0.3	2.5	2.1	1.0	3.0	4.8
<b>Investment (annual % change)</b>	-8.6	11.6	5.3	2.2	16.0	18.6
<b>Inflation (annual % change in CPI)</b>	5.4	3.9	5.2	3.8	2.0	1.6
<b>Budget balance (% of GDP)</b>	-9.8	-5.6	-3.7	-1.8	-0.1	-0.5
<b>Unemployment rate (ILO)</b>	7.6	7.4	5.8	4.4	3.6	2.9

(Source: <http://www.focus-economics.com/countries/iceland> and <http://data.worldbank.org/country/Iceland>)



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### Extract 1 Economic recovery

Between 2008 and 2010, the economy of Iceland contracted by 13%, while real wages fell by 10%. The unemployment rate, which had stood at less than 2% in 2008, reached 8% in 2009 while the rate of inflation more than doubled to 12%.

Before 2008, banking, energy and fishing were Iceland's most important industries. However, following the significant fall in the value of the krona (Iceland's currency) in 2008, the tourist industry has become increasingly important. 5

Tourism accounted for more than a quarter of Iceland's trade balance with 1 million foreign visitors in 2014 and 1.8 million in 2016. This provided a huge boost to the economy and a vital source of foreign currency. 10

(Source: adapted from <http://www.theaustralian.com.au/news/world/the-times/icelands-economy-comes-in-from-the-cold/news-story/912212e2ae7d898e4a1f19f5bd7b67d4>)

### Extract 2 The financial sector

There are problems with the approach taken by the Government of Iceland to promote economic recovery. For example, the growth in investment by firms has been slower than would have been the case if there had not been a shortage of finance. Similarly, the growth in consumption has been slowed by a difficulty in obtaining finance for house purchases. There are restrictions on the movement of money into and out of Iceland. However, in June 2015, the Government announced plans to remove these restrictions. This move is an important step to enable banks to provide funds for investment and consumption. 5

(Source: adapted from <http://www.worldfinance.com/infrastructure-investment/government-policy/failing-banks-winning-economy-the-truth-about-icelands-recovery>)

- (a) With reference to Figure 2, explain what is meant by *budget balance*. (4)
- (b) With reference to the information provided and your own knowledge, assess the likely impact of the falling rate of unemployment on the economy of Iceland. (10)
- (c) With reference to the information provided, explain how tourism contributes to the balance of payments on current account. (6)
- (d) With reference to the information provided and your own knowledge, assess the likely causes of change in the rate of economic growth in Iceland between 2014 and 2015. (14)
- (e) Evaluate the likely impact of a lack of funds for investment and consumption on Iceland's economy. (14)



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(a) With reference to Figure 2, explain what is meant by *budget balance*.

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(b) With reference to the information provided and your own knowledge, assess the likely impact of the falling rate of unemployment on the economy of Iceland.

(10)

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(c) With reference to the information provided, explain how tourism contributes to the balance of payments on current account.

(6)

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(d) With reference to the information provided and your own knowledge, assess the likely causes of change in the rate of economic growth in Iceland between 2014 and 2015.

(14)

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(e) Evaluate the likely impact of a lack of funds for investment and consumption on Iceland's economy.

(14)

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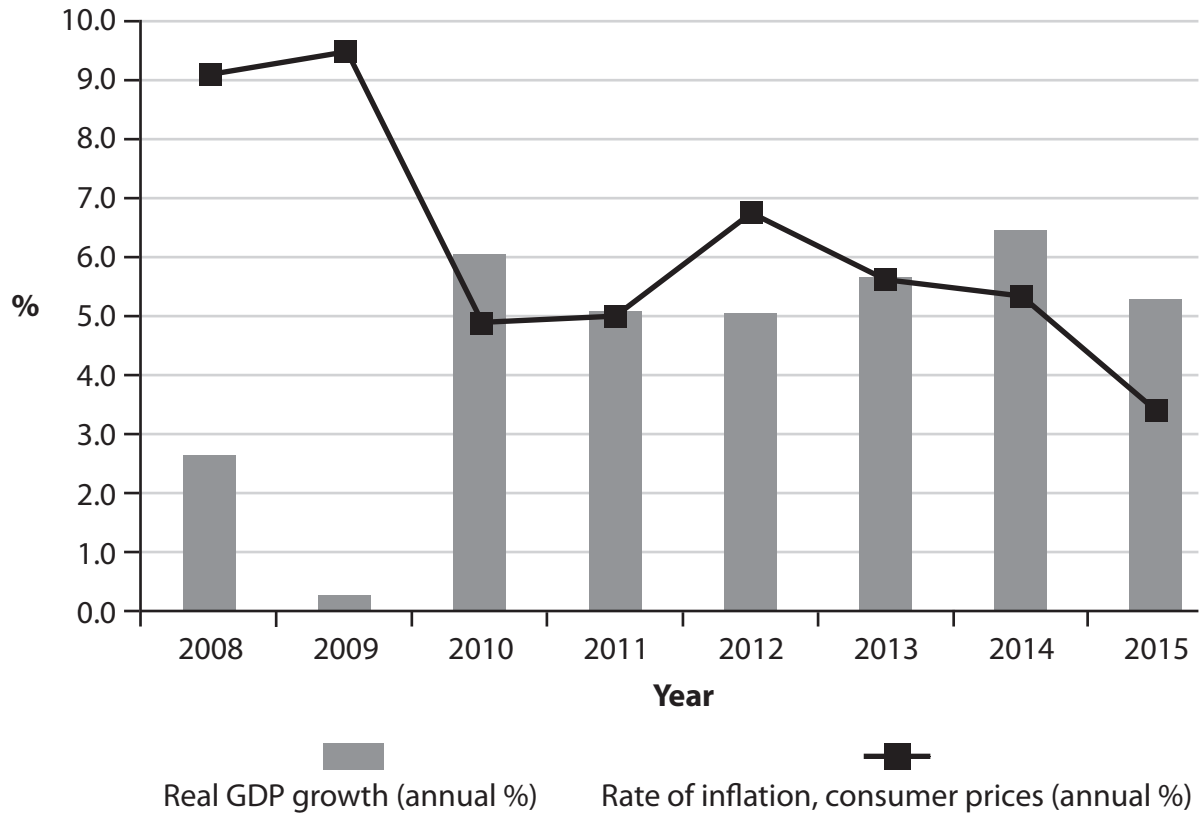
**(Total for Question 9 = 48 marks)**



If you answer Question 10 put a cross in the box  .

### 10 The economy of Namibia

**Figure 1 Annual percentage change in real GDP and the rate of inflation (CPI), 2008–2015**



(Source: <http://data.worldbank.org/country/namibia>)

**Figure 2 Macroeconomic indicators in selected developing countries, 2015**

	Real GDP per capita in US\$ (2010 exchange rate)	Current account of the Balance of Payments (% of GDP)	Human Development Index (HDI)
Namibia	6 000	-6.2	0.64
Botswana	7 080	9.3	0.69

(Source: <http://data.worldbank.org/indicator> and <http://ieconomics.com/current-account-balance-percent-of-gdp> and <http://hdr.undp.org/en/countries>)



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### Extract 1 Economic growth

Namibia is one of the most unequal countries in the world. Relatively strong economic growth has not been sufficient to reduce income inequality and unemployment. Despite relatively high government spending on health and education, economic growth has not been accompanied by higher employment. 5

All major industries, including mining, tourism and fisheries, are affected by changes in demand from overseas markets. Therefore, employment, household income and government tax revenue can change due to factors beyond the control of the Namibian Government.

Investment in mining projects and the Government's reflationary fiscal policy have led to an increase in the rate of economic growth. The Government's policy priorities include increasing access to education and improving its quality. It also needs to deregulate the labour market. 10

Urbanisation and the growth of the mining sector have led to a rapid increase in demand for electricity. With no significant new electricity generation capacity, there has been a sustained increase in electricity prices. 15

(Source: adapted from <https://www.worldbank.org/en/country/namibia/overview>)

### Extract 2 The tourist industry

The tourism sector has grown by an average of 8% per year between 2012 and 2016. The tourism industry is an important contributor to investment, employment and economic growth. The Government plans to invest in roads, railways and airports to support the tourist industry. However, demand for tourism is seasonal, which means that incomes do not flow evenly throughout the year. 5

(Source: adapted from <https://www.newera.com.na/2017/04/21/tourism-sector-will-employ-64-000-by-2022/>)

- (a) With reference to the information provided, explain how reflationary fiscal policy may influence economic growth. (6)
- (b) With reference to the information provided, assess the benefits of economic growth on living standards in Namibia. (10)
- (c) With reference to Figure 2, explain **one** possible reason for the difference in HDI between Namibia and Botswana. (4)
- (d) With reference to the information provided, evaluate the main constraints on economic growth in Namibia. (14)
- (e) To what extent might supply-side policies be successful in helping the Namibian Government to achieve its macroeconomic objectives? (14)



(a) With reference to the information provided, explain how reflationary fiscal policy may influence economic growth.

(6)

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(b) With reference to the information provided, assess the benefits of economic growth on living standards in Namibia.

(10)

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(c) With reference to Figure 2, explain **one** possible reason for the difference in HDI between Namibia and Botswana.

(4)

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(d) With reference to the information provided, evaluate the main constraints on economic growth in Namibia.

(14)

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(e) To what extent might supply-side policies be successful in helping the Namibian Government to achieve its macroeconomic objectives?

(14)

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**(Total for Question 10 = 48 marks)**

**TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 48 MARKS**

**TOTAL FOR PAPER = 80 MARKS**



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