



Examiners' Report Principal Examiner Feedback

October 2020

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Subsidiary In Business (WBS12/01)



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### Introduction

This was the second October sitting of the paper and the fourth sitting overall. As with the previous series, the paper was split into 3 sections: Sections A and B each had five questions, ranging from 2 to 10 marks and Section C had one 20 mark question.

In general, candidates appeared to be well prepared for most of the topic areas on this paper. However, there were some topics where that did not appear to be the case. The ability of the most able candidates was shown through relating their knowledge and understanding to the evidence presented, whereas those struggling with such concepts typically answered questions with a more generic approach and/or inaccuracy. The levels of response questions required understanding to be developed and applied to the relevant evidence. Although this approach was adopted by some, there were instances where a more basic understanding was demonstrated, thus limiting the attainment of higher levels. There did not appear to be many issues with the length of time students needed to complete all questions set.

#### Section A

#### 1a)

There were 2 parts to the question to define health and safety and examiners were looking for references to 'measures put in place by a business' and 'to prevent injury or harm'. The latter could have been harm to employees or customers. Equally, 'standards put in place by a firm to meet legislation', or any other appropriate response, would have been worth 2 marks. Candidates had to provide both parts to gain 2 marks. However, general reference to the wellbeing of an employee or customer was not accepted as a definition of health and safety. Examples were occasionally used by candidates but, as in the previous series, no marks are available for these. Partial explanations were awarded 1 mark.

Tip: Unlike with higher mark tariff questions, reference to information in the extract(s) is not required for define questions.

#### 1b)

Examiners credited knowledge of a correct formula (1 mark) and correct application of figures (2 marks). For these application marks, it was important that the calculation showed that both figures represented millions. For full marks the final answer needed to be an accurate monetary value, therefore be correctly rounded to \$16.15.

Tip: In many cases the answer requires units, in this case a '\$', meaning that full marks can only be achieved by using the correct units. On this question, incorrectly using '£' or '%' is not applying the extract evidence appropriately and so again, full marks cannot be achieved.



1c)

Good responses were able to analyse two problems Lotus Garments Co. might face by using JIT. The problems could relate to reliance on suppliers, ordering or administrative costs, reduced bulk buying savings and/or being difficult to adjust to changes in demand, along with any other suitable response.

(c) Analyse <b>two</b> possible problems for <i>Lotus Garments Co.</i> of using just in time (JIT).  (6)
Just in time is when a business decides to
decrease their buffery stock to have a limited precise
stock available to reduce costs.
One problem for Lotus Garments may be that
they will depend a a lot in the flexibility and
timing of suppliers. If sh cotus Garments on material
supliers for leather for example, Lotus Gaurmet
wont have enough stock to keep supplying a producing
meaning they will dearese production not meet
coustomers needs a expertations that will lead to
decrease in sales and decrease because of a
decrease in consumer layalty that will decrease
their projits.
Secondly, another problem would be that
14 there is an increase in the trends of
demand for clothing such as Jackets & trousers
Lotus garments wont be able to react
to this increase due to their low buffery
control (26,000,000 Hems of clothing) therefore
they will not be able to compete in the
market reducing their market share have their
soles volume and revenues



The above exemplar was given the full 6 marks available. It does show a valid definition but also states two separate problems. Both of these are applied and analysed. 'Depend in flexibility and timing of suppliers' (1 x knowledge mark), 'material/leather' (1 x application mark), 'not meet customer needs will lead to decrease in sales....profits' (1 x analysis mark). 'Won't be able to react to increase in demand' (1 x knowledge mark), 'clothing such as jackets and trousers' (1 x application mark), '26 000 000 items' would have been 1 x application mark but maximum already achieved. 'not be able to compete in the market...revenues' (1 x analysis mark).

Tip: There are 2 knowledge marks, 2 application marks and 2 analysis marks for analyse questions. Although the knowledge marks can be given for an appropriate definition instead of stating 2 ways/advantages/reasons etc., it is not possible to apply or analyse the definition and so marks are likely to be limited with this approach and students should focus on stating, then applying and analysing the two ways/advantages etc.

## 1d)

This question was marked using the levels-based marking grid. For an 8 mark 'discuss' question there are three levels. Examiners read the whole response and decide which level is the best match. If a response is lacking certain characteristics, examiners move towards the bottom of the level. If it is a strong match they will move towards the top and this approach is used for all levels of response questions on the paper.

There were a varied range of discussions regarding the importance of using TQM for Lotus Garments Co. but it was evident that a number of candidates did not understand its meaning. Many of these responses tended to talk very broadly about quality itself and so did not answer the question. Such responses did not score high marks.



(d) Discuss the importance to Lotus Garments Co. of using total quality management (TQM) to remain competitive.
(8)
Total quality management is a method of ensuring the bighest
quality is met by meuteatina employee being responsible for
quality throughout production. This may lead to a burner
gaming a competitive edge, that The 11800 skilled workers
inculcating quality standards throughout the buspes when
producing the jacket and jeans would lead to high quality,
r lother being made. Consequently, this would help the Lotus
Garments Co gam a competitive edge increasing contomer loyally
which would mean repeat purchases which would help ensure
their objective of increasing gales from Egypt increasing mark- et share to remain competitive.
littoreover using total audilly management would
reduce wartage for the busines. At employee we responsible
by identifying defects in production when making the
for identifying defects in production when making the
for identifying defects in production when making the 26 000 000 clother each epar for UF corporation,
for identifying defects in production when making the 26 000 000 clother each year for UF corporation.  This would mean the wastager and error made by worker
for identifying defects in production when making the 26 000 000 clother each year for UF corporation.  This would mean the wastager and error made by worker are minimized at there is pressure to meet quality standards.
for identifying defects in production when making the 26 000 000 clother each year for UF corporation.  This would mean the wastager and error made by worker are minimized at there is pressure to meet quality standards.  Therefore overall costs would reduce below \$ \$20 million,
for identifying defects in production when making the 26 000 000 clother each year for UF corporation.  This would mean the wastager and error made by worker are minimized at there is pressure to meet quality standards.  Therefore overall costs would reduce below \$ \$20 million,
for identifying defects in production when making the  26 000 000 clother each year for UP corporation  this would mean the wastager and error made by morker  are minimized at there is pressure to meet quality standards.  Therefore overall costs would reduce below \$ 120 million,  Increasing profits for Lotus Garment Co. allowing to remain  competitive  However total quality management needed
for identifying defects in production when making the  26 000 000 clother each year for UF corporation.  This would mean the wastage and error made by worker are minimized as there is pressure to meet quality standards.  Therefore overall costs would reduce below \$ \$120 million,  Increasing profits for Lotus Garment Co. allowing to remain competitive  However total quality management needed  would mean all employee would have to be trained
for identifying defects in production when making the  26 000 000 clother each year for U.F. corporation.  This would mean the wastager and priori made by morker  are minimized at there is pressure to meet quality standards.  Therefore overall costs would reduce below \$ #20 million.  Increasing profits for Lotus Garment Co. allowing to remain competitive.  However, total quality management needed would mean all employeer would have to be trained.
for identhying defects in production when making the  26 000 000 clother each epay for UF corporation,  this would mean the wastager and error made by marked are minimized at there is pressure to meet quality standards.  Therefore overall costs would reduce below \$ 120 million,  Increasing profits for Lotus Garment Co. allowing to remain tompetitive thowever, total quality management needed would mean all employeer would have to be trained as to and skilled to maximize quality denime being sold to Levis Straum and Co. This would then increase costs
for identifying defects in production when making the  26 000 000 clother each year for U.F. corporation.  This would mean the wastager and priori made by morker  are minimized at there is pressure to meet quality standards.  Therefore overall costs would reduce below \$ #20 million.  Increasing profits for Lotus Garment Co. allowing to remain competitive.  However, total quality management needed would mean all employeer would have to be trained.



Hence	, when	demand	2	forn	<i>\$+1ce</i>	e onsc	lous	Consu	ne#	fall	<b>,</b>
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This exemplar is a strong response, which scored 7/8 marks. It is only lacking balance in the counter argument.

Tip: The command word 'discuss' requires a two-sided argument. If a candidate doesn't provide a two-sided argument or presents a generic answer, they would restrict their marks. A conclusion is not required for an 8 mark discuss question.

## 1e)

This was a levels-based question with 4 levels. Although many candidates showed a basic understanding of interest rates, too many made unsupported statements about interest rate increases being problematic for the firm due to rising costs. To achieve a higher level, such a statement would need clarity regarding the link between higher interest rates and the cost of borrowing with, whether Lotus Garments Co. were in a position where they had borrowed money in the first place. Stronger responses successfully assessed this aspect using the evidence that the firm were looking to expand and so may well have had a need to borrow.

In addition, level 4 responses often developed arguments, using further evidence from the extracts such as the fact many garments are exported and therefore the firm is largely unaffected by the rate if interest and/or that the it may benefit from higher rates of interest if it had saved its retained profit.



(e) Assess the likely impact on *Lotus Garments Co.* of the recent changes in Egyptian interest rates.

(10)

Interest rate is the price of borrowing money. The higher the interest rate, the more expensive it is to borrow money. The interest rate in egypt started in 2010 with a percentage of 8%, then't kept increasing with some fluctuations over the years to reach a maximum of 19% in 2018. Latus Garments (o. is planning to increase its sales in Egypt and reduce its annual total costs of \$120 m. An increase in the interest rates can affect the planning of Latus Garments (o. Such increase will make Latus Garments (o. have a slower investment as most businesses

are less likely to borrow money. Furthermore, customers are less likely to borrow money and spend on non essential products which may reduce demand and sales of lotus Garments (o. Also, an increase in interest rate means lower spending on credit cards which will also reduce sales. This will avoid to took Garments (o of reaching its target to increase its sales in Egypt and also to reduce its costs of \$420m. As a result of the interest rate, prices of supplies and wages will rise which will push Lotus Garments (o to increase their prices. However, an increase in the interest rate in Egypt will have little effect on overseas customers as



the prices may remain relatively low according to
their currencies Most pairs of peans are exported
to the USA so this will produce high sales and
compensate for the lower sales in Egypt.
A minimal increase in price will not affect exports
with stronger currencies
As a result interest rate increasing in Egypt
will have a major effect only locally but a minimal
effect towards overseas costomers

Level 4, 8 marks out of 10 was achieved by the above response. It has a balanced argument which is full of context. It doesn't reach the top of the level because the analysis is not as strong as would be preferred from a full mark response.

Tip: The command word 'assess' will always require a more in-depth development and some evaluation of the arguments compared to the command word 'discuss'. Candidates are encouraged to use a range of relevant evidence throughout their response to highlight their chains of reasoning.

#### Section B

#### 2a)

Again, there were 2 parts to the question of define break-even and examiners were looking for an accurate definition: 'where total cost equals total revenue' or 'where neither a profit nor loss is made'. An accurate formula was accepted for full marks but a basic reference to costs and revenue was not enough to score both marks.

Tip: This question will always have 2 marks available for a definition so ensure that your response is fully developed and is not a vague attempt at explaining the term. There are no marks for examples.

#### 2b)

Many candidates were able to calculate the correct answer of 30.75% and so were awarded 4 marks. Marks could be awarded for showing workings, but these were not necessary if the correct answer was shown. Examiners awarded a maximum of 3 marks if the percentage sign was missing. Some candidates were able to show knowledge of the formula and/or apply it with correct figures, but then failed to arrive at the correct answer to 2 decimal places. As this is stated in the question, it is important that the answer is correctly rounded to gain full marks.

Tip: Although full marks can be achieved by just stating a correct answer, it is strongly advised to show full workings. It may be possible to pick up marks if an incorrect final answer is given.



# 2c)

This area of the specification did not appear to be well understood by a high number of candidates. Instead there was often a lot of incorrect guesswork relating to healthy lifestyles and eating which did not score many, if any marks.

(c) Analyse <b>two</b> reasons why <i>Soul Boul</i> could be described as a lifestyle business.  (6)
lifestyle business is where the business area mot always
focus on profit maximising , more the formover & his nany nace
a fond interest / lifestyle that they want to promote through
the business. For co founder for soul Bonl, they have
Shared interest in metritions food and realting lifestyle
Where they Alexandra, one of the cofounder was into inspired
by the healthy incredible fund such as smoothie box!
in Bali and mant to set abusiness to sen these smoothing
bowl to promote this lifestyle. It is a lifestyle business
the coms as statey ( One of the to founder) said itsung
their ingredients quality is always high achien com mean
the cost of inquedient will be quite high and will not
be able to do a to profit maximisation by Invering
Cost. Furthermore, the cofounder said with the positive
attitude and prenty of energy in their ideas and prepared
to nork hand ( Much is also a life style) tog it helps
corn enough awing summer horking to be able to
spend winter relating on a low budget on Bali
White sampling her rower for ingrediently in It strows that
they are soring smoothere bord in a more re Burg attitude
thom god four on sompling her louas for ingredients insteed of
Focusing on profit maximisation.

This response did score the full 6 marks. It is not necessary for the order to be knowledge, application, analysis; these can be mixed.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Interest in nutritious food and healthy lifestyle' – 1 x knowledge

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Inspired by healthy food, such as smoothie bowl in Bali' – 1 x application

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Want to start business to sell smoothie bowls to promote lifestyle... quality is always high' – 1 x analysis mark

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Positive attitude to work hard helps earn enough'- 1 x analysis



'Summer working... winter relaxing in Bali' – 1 x application 'Focus on.... instead of profit maximisation' – 1 x knowledge

Tip: Any area of the specification can be targeted by any of the questions on this paper. It is therefore important to give sufficient teaching and learning time to all topics on the specification.

# 2d)

Like 1d, this was marked using the levels-based marking grid and consisted of 3 levels. Candidates were generally able to provide a response which focused on personal savings being a suitable source of finance but some were generic in nature, instead of putting their response in context. Better answers were able to apply evidence form the extract such as the savings coming from 6 years of working in hospitality. Some responses failed to discuss a valid counter argument but a pleasing number did recognise relevant potential issues, such as the limited experience of the owners putting the savings at risk if the business failed.

Stacey and Alexandra used their personal savings to set up Soul Boul.
(d) Discuss whether the use of personal savings is a suitable source of finance for a business such as Soul Boul.  (8)
Personal sovings is known as an internal source
of Finance. A source of Finance is a method or
place that a business can gain money from.
personal savings can be obvantagous as they are
very quick to gain. Unlike external sources of
forcome where a business has to apply and qualify
for financial aid, personal sovings already exist.
For Soul Boul, both Alexandra and Stacey had
saved a lot of their cages for the past six
years and Harefore are capable of using that money.



However, a disadvantage is that personal savings may not be sufficient since business costs are usually expensive and may need lots of ware to set up. Since Stacy and Alexandria are focusing on buying high quality ingredients they re likely gaing to have higher costs then officer business which may lead to their funds to be insufficient.

Another borefit of the use of personal sovings is that the business does not one the board on therefore will not be needing to repay a loan with interest, whis will help them with managing their sets income better.

The above exemplar was given 6 marks out of 8, in the top level. It has a two-sided argument which uses the extract but could benefit from developing the chains of reasoing further.

Tip: The command word 'discuss' requires both sides of an argument. Some candidates only look at one side, thus restricting their marks due to not providing a balanced awareness of competing arguments.

#### 2e)

As with 1e, this was a levels-based question with 4 levels. Candidates were able to provide a range of arguments to assess whether Soul Boul may avoid failing as a business or not. The use of evidence, e.g. competition, quality and social media, was reasonably well applied in a large number of responses but chains of reasoning and developed arguments were sometimes lacking.



Before setting up *Soul Boul* with her co-founder, Stacey considered her experience of working at a hotel that failed.

(e) Assess whether the causes of the hotel failing as a business are likely to be avoided by Soul Boul.

(10)

The hotel would've have failed due to increased competition Extract C states that there were were three other hotels competing for business within 1km. This increase in competition would've caused the hotel failing. However Stacey and Alexandra operate in a niche market. As not many businesses make smoothie bowls. This ensures—ensur makes Soul boul to avoid the cause of the hotel failing.

Also, Stacey states that 'the hotel manager was not interested in maintaining quality. This would have caused a fall in the no of guests coming in which would've caused the hotel to fail. Stacey Stated that the quality of their ingredients is always high. This mensures the quality of their Smoothie bowls are upto Standards, which prevents a fall in the no of consumers not allowing soul boul to avoid the cause of the hotel failing.

However, the hotel Could've failed become because people have been facing recessions in their countries which led to the no. of guests to falls. This could mean that Boul bowl Should take into account if there's a recession



in the country, prople's incomes would fall causing their
revenue of NZ\$ 104 625 to fall as people wouldn't bybuy
smoothies
Alse
Also, Stacey and Alexandra should take into account
that eventhough there are no competitors to them the
level of competition is likely to increase in the future
as many people an Start up a smoothie business.
This makes the cause of hotel failing to be un avoided
by Soul Boul.

The response is only missing a final judgement and was awarded 9 out of 10 marks. It has a good USE of the extract to answer the question, not a narrative which just copies the information.

Tip: As with 1e, the command word 'assess' will always require more depth and development of the concept and chains of reasoning compared to the command word 'discuss'. Candidates are encouraged to use a range of evidence throughout their response and also to develop their chains of reasoning. Generic answers are not going to score high marks!

#### Section C

3)

This is the highest mark question on the paper, worth 20 marks and with 4 levels. However, although the understanding demonstrated by candidates was often reasonable, some candidates struggled to apply the extracts appropriately or provide balanced arguments.



3 Evaluate whether a historical or zero based budget is more likely to help *Kenya Airways* return to being a profitable company.

- (20)

A budget is a quantitative economic plan which cath allow a business to set goals and entries to assess whether its performance cash flow. It allows a business to assess whether its performance that year was successful buy seeing whether the set goals were met. A historical budget is a type of budget which uses historical data, which is past data of the business such as the number of domestic flights taten from Kenya Airways from 2015 to 2017.

This type of budget uses historical data to predict estimates for future data such as the possible number of domestic

flights taten from Kenya flirways in 2018 and 2019. A historical budget can allow keny a flirways to plan for future according to the estimates in order to promote growth and cost controlant.

20 The rise in fuel prices between June and November 2017could increases the costs for Kenya Airways therefore it could.

The gradual decrease in net loss for Kenya flirways shows that other factors such as free eats or cosh inflow could be increasing and the past data can be examined to identify any significant differences in the data which can show consumer trends or seasonal or economic variations. Such estimates can be used to prepare for future possible occurrences such

as the historical data regarding the 20% fall in domestic flights in 2017 can be used to decide appropriate counter



measures to maintain profit, such as Kenya Airways toducing wages or employing a more flexible workfirst to cut down costs. A significant issue with the use of the historical budget B that try inaccuracies in the dota can severly impost the analysis and mate estimates unreliable. Attribumore, the historical budget usage is less suited to dealing with incidents caused by external forces such as extremely external forces. by external forces such as extremely causing harsh weather during December delaying flights total and country a country a country and corp in sale expected sales as fast data may have given estimated to the house been estimated to the flights taken increased in December due to the Christmas season with more acrees trips being taken. In preparation for that, Kenya Airways may have increased staff and upgraded flight conditions

to meet expected customer demand, and an external force shuch as bad weather could cause the Airmay to suffer more unpredicted bosses. Moreover, the suitability of a historical bridget is decreased in Kinya's Aluctuating economic climate as historical data may be hess likely to reflect future situations. On the other hand, a zero-based budget is a type of budget where all ralues such as profit, bos, and inflow and outflow are set at zero and the far required hunds must be pitched for. This requires the use of extensive market research to support a manager's or profiect leader's demand for funds which can be time consuming and expensive. A zero-based budget is also linked with



forgone in favour of the option which the hunds are albeated towards. This type of budgeting is arguably more suitable to Kenya Airways as it is easier to adapte to Kenya's volatile economic climate as budget hunds are allocated according to current conditions and it can motivate employees to work harder to meet the the resources to not go to worte. It can also increase competitiveness between staff and bring about innovation and ircreased productivity as employees need to hight to justify their ideas and business operations. However, the use of a historical budget allows for a variance analysis. Variance is the difference between the actual financial outcome and the budgeted one, If there is an adverse where the where the where the variance, Kenya Airactual outcome is worse than the budgeted ore, Kenya Airactual outcome is worse than the budgeted ore, Kenya

increase effectionicy and productivity but culting out the cause of the loss such as identifying their fuel supplier is more expensive and switching to a cheaper eupplier. However, zero-based budgets can maximise waste minimisation as it is ensured that resources are allocated to the most neccessary source such as allocating funds to increase the quality of in-flight meals and other conditions to increase customer satisfaction and profisability. This serves to meet the Cheif Executive expecations of growth and cost control to increase profitability. Therefore, a zero-based budget may be more suitable for Kenya Airways.

Low level 4 was reached by this response, with 16/20 marks. Knowledge and understanding are shown and is applied well. There are two sides which are in context and analysis is present, as is evaluation but it doesn't flow very well and is not nuanced.

Tip: This is an 'evaluate' question meaning that ideas needed to be developed and presented with understanding of the significance of competing arguments rather than simply stated as separate points and a generic list of the advantages and disadvantages of these two types of budgeting.



#### **Summary**

Candidates are offered the following advice and reminders:

- Questions 1a and 2a are worth two marks each and so will need two parts in the definition of the term to attain both marks. Examples are not rewarded.
- Be careful to read the whole of the question. Certain requirements are given which are not always acted upon by some candidates, e.g. only providing **one reason** in 'explain' questions.
- Candidates need to understand the requirements of the command words in the questions. This will allow them to access marks requiring each of the four assessment objectives.
- Quantitative Skills will be tested throughout the paper. These may be in the form of diagrams/graphs, calculations or using the data in the Extracts to provide the application in the questions.
- Application marks will not be awarded for simply repeating evidence in the extracts. The evidence needs to be **used** in the response.
- The command word 'Discuss' requires a two-sided argument in order to achieve full marks.
- There may be more answer space provided than you need to write your responses. This is also indicated on the front cover of the question paper.
- The use of relevant evidence is required throughout and this can be from the Extracts provided or, often, from candidates' own knowledge. The Extracts are there for a reason so please use them!



