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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

9702 PHYSICS

9702/22

Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

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(a) (work =) force \times distance or force \times displacement or (W =) $F \times d$

units of work: $kg m s^{-2} \times m = kg m^2 s^{-2}$

A1 [2]

M1

(b) $(p.d. =) \frac{\text{work (done) or energy (transformed) (from electrical to other forms)}}{}$ charge

B1

[1]

(c) R = V/I**B1**

units of V: $kg m^2 s^{-2}/As$ and units of I: A

C₁

(C1)

B1

[2]

$$R = P/I^2$$
 [or $P = VI$ and $V = IR$] (B1)

units of P: $kg m^2 s^{-3}$ and units of I: A

or

$$R = V^2/P \tag{B1}$$

units of V: $kg m^2 s^{-2}/A s$ and units of P: $kg m^2 s^{-3}$ (C1)

units of
$$R$$
: $(kg m^2 s^{-2}/A^2 s =) kg m^2 s^{-3} A^{-2}$ A1 [3]

2 **B1** (a) speed decreases/stone decelerates to rest/zero at 1.25 s

speed then increases/stone accelerates (in opposite direction)

(b) (i) v = u + at (or $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$ and $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$) C1

$$= 0 + (3.00 - 1.25) \times 9.81$$

$$= 17.2 (17.17) \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$$
 A1 [3]

(ii) $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$

$$s = \frac{1}{2} \times 9.81 \times (1.25)^2 [= 7.66]$$
 C1

$$s = \frac{1}{2} \times 9.81 \times (1.75)^2 = 15.02$$

C₁

(distance = 7.66 + 15.02)

$$[v = u + at = 0 + 9.81 \times (2.50 - 1.25) = 12.26 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}]$$

or

$$s = \frac{1}{2} \times 9.81 \times (1.25)^2 = 7.66$$
 (C1)

$$s = 12.26 \times 0.50 + \frac{1}{2} \times 9.81 \times (3.00 - 2.50)^2 = 7.36$$
 (C1)

 $(distance = 2 \times 7.66 + 7.36)$

Example alternative method:

$$s = (v^2 - u^2)/2a = (12.26^2 - 0)/2 \times 9.81 [= 7.66]$$
 (C1)

$$s = (v^2 - u^2)/2a = (17.17^2 - 12.26^2)/2 \times 9.81 [= 7.36]$$
 (C1)

 $(distance = 2 \times 7.66 + 7.36)$

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		22.7 (22.69 or 23) m		A1	[3]
	(iii) (s = 15.02 – 7.66 =) 7.4 (7.36) m (ignore sign in answer)		A1	
		down		A1	[2]
	(c) s	traight line from positive value of v to t axis		M1	
	S	ame straight line $\underline{\text{crosses}}\ t$ axis at $t = 1.25\text{s}$		A1	
	S	ame straight line continues with same gradient to $t = 3.0 \mathrm{s}$		A1	[3]
3	(a) (i) (vertical component = 44 sin 30° =) 22 N		A1	[1]
	(ii) (horizontal component = 44 cos 30° =) 38(.1) N		A1	[1]
	(b) V	V × 0.64 = 22 × 1.60		C1	
	(1	<i>N</i> =) 55 N		A1	[2]
	0	has a horizontal component (not balanced by <i>W</i>) r <i>F</i> has 38 N acting horizontally r 38 N acts on wall			
		r vertical component of <i>F</i> does not balance <i>W</i> r <i>F</i> and <i>W</i> do not make a closed triangle of forces		B1	[1]
	(d) lii	ne from P in direction towards point on wire vertically above W and directi	on up	B1	[1]
4	(a) (µ	o =) mv		C1	
	Δ	$p (= -6.64 \times 10^{-27} \times 1250 - 6.64 \times 10^{-27} \times 1250) = 1.66 \times 10^{-23} \text{ Ns}$		A1	[2]
	(b) (i) molecule collides with wall/container and there is a change in momento	um	B1	
		change in momentum / time is force or $\Delta p = Ft$		B1	
		many/all/sum of molecular collisions over surface/area of container propressure	duces	B1	[3]
	(ii) more collisions per unit time so greater pressure		B1	[1]
5	(a) c	urved line showing decreasing gradient with temperature rise		M1	
	S	mooth line not touching temperature axis, not horizontal or vertical anywhe	ere	A1	[2]
				D .4	F47

В1

[1]

(b) (i) (no energy lost in battery because) no/negligible internal resistance

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(c)
$$v = f\lambda$$
 C1
 $f = 3.0 \times 10^8 / (2.8 \times 10^{-2}) [= 1.07 \times 10^{10} \text{Hz}]$ C1
11 (10.7) GHz A1 [3]

7 (a) 92 protons and 143 neutrons B1 [1]

В1 В1 **B**1

[3]

(b) ____

	value	
а	1	
b	0	(a and b both required)
С	141	
d	55	
	·	•

(c) kinetic energy (of products) or gamma/ γ (radiation or photon) В1 [1]

(d) (total) mass on left-hand side/reactants is greater than (total) mass on right-hand side/products M1 difference in mass is (converted to) energy Α1 [2]