

Cambridge International ExaminationsCambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level



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ACCOUNTING	9706/22
Paper 2 Structured Questions	May/June 2017
MADIC COLIENTE	

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 90

Published

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Question				Ans	swer		Marks
1(a)			\$		\$		17
, ,	Revenue				563 800		
	Cost of sales						
	Opening inventory		62400				
	Purchases		<u>268 200</u>				
			330600				
	Closing inventory		70300		<u>260 300</u>	(1)	
	Gross profit				303 500	(1)OF	
	Deduct: expenses						
	Directors remuneration		53 200	(1)			
	Office costs	W1	41070	(4)			
	Property costs	W2	22 000				
	Selling and distribution costs	W3	<u>73 500</u>	(4)	<u>189770</u>		
	Profit from operations				113730		
	Finance costs				<u>5920</u>	(1)	
	Profit for the year				<u>107810</u>	10F	
	Workings						
	W1 Office costs	\$18330 +	+ \$1920 (1	I) + \$19	400 (1) + \$1	420 (1) = \$41 070 (1)OF	
	W2 Property costs	\$21 940 +	+ \$1300 (1	I) – \$12	40 (1) = \$22	000 (1)OF	
	W3 Selling and distribution costs	\$36 120 +	+ \$5600 (1	I) + \$29	100 (1) + \$2	680 (1) = \$73 500 (1)OF	
	Depreciation Buildings	\$65 000 ×	< 2% = \$1	300			
	Depreciation Fixtures & Fittings	(\$18110	– \$5310)	× 15% =	= \$1920		
	Depreciation Motor vehicles	(\$41600					

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Question		,	Answer	Marks
1(b)	Cash and cash equivalents W Total Workings W1 Trade and other receivables \$7	<u>151 330</u> 71 000 – \$1420 (1) + \$	(2) (2) 1240 (1) = \$70 820 \$50 000 (1) + \$650 = \$10 210	5
1(c)	Allowing for depreciation: To comply with the matching / accruals Accounts for that part of the asset used The value of assets falls due to wear an Avoids overstating the net assets / non-Ensures that the statement of financial part of the statement of t	up in the accounting pand tear, obsolescence, current assets of the b	technological change, etc. (1) pusiness (1)	4
1(d)	Ordinary share dividends are discretion Preference shareholders receive divide	le dividend (1), prefere ary (1), preference sha nd before (1) ordinary	nce shareholders receive a fixed rate of dividend (1) are dividend is mandatory if sufficient profits are available (1)	4

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	Uses historical information. (1) Does not take seasonality into account (1) May use subjective data (1) Based on purely quantitative information (1) Does not explain the cause (1) Does not take inflation into account (1) 1 mark for each valid point to a mx of 2 marks	2
2(b)	Current assets: 152 000 + 31 275 + 1725 / 129 000* + 19 000 = 185 000 (1) Current liabilities: (54.75 / 365 × 860 000 = 129 000) (1) + \$19 000 = 148 000 (1)OF Current ratio: 185 000 / 148 000 = 1.25:1 (1)OF	4
2(c)	(185000 - 152000)/148000 = 0.22:1 (1)OF	1
2(d)	Opening inventory: 1042 500 x 80% = 834 000 (1) - 860 000 +152 000 = 126 000 (1)OF Average inventory: (126 000 + 152 000) / 2 = 139 000 (1)OF	4
	Rate on inventory turnover: 6 (times) (1)OF	

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(e)	Wiggins cannot pay debts from short term assets without relying on inventory because the liquid (acid test) ratio is significantly below 1:1 (0.22:1) (1)	4
	For (Max 2) A long term loan will allow Wiggins to plan repayments over five years (1) Enables Wiggins to repay the bank overdraft (1) Loan is cheaper than bank overdraft (1)	
	Against (Max 2) Wiggins already has a bank overdraft of \$19 000 (1) Wiggins may be charged a higher interest rate on loan (1) Bank loan will increase its gearing ratio (1) Bank may require security for a loan (1)	
	1 mark decision Overall max 3 marks justification	

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Question					Answe	r			Mark	ks
3(a)	Share profits and I Partners are not el Partners are not el Entitled to contribu Partners are not el Partners are entitle	entitled to sala charged intere ute equally to entitled to inte	aries (1) est on the the capi rest on tl	tal of the pa ne capital th	artnership (1) ney have contribut		ership (1)			4
3(b)	Goodwill Loan 69 Bank 150 Balance c/d	amit \$ 100 (1)OF \$ 000 (1) \$ 100	35 500 56 500		Balance b/d Goodwill Current Revaluation Balance b/d	Amit \$ 40 000 14 000 27 600 (1) 2500 84 100	Wang \$ 40 000 14 000 2 500 56 500 35 500	Susi \$ 40 000 14 000 (1)* \(\frac{2500}{56500} \) (1) row (1) \(\frac{56500}{35500} \) (1) OF row		6
3(c)	Depends on the ac Current loan is free May need addition Partnership has in May have to take I Interest would redu May require securi	ee of interest nal capital nsufficient liqu loan / overdra duce the futur rity for loan	uid assets aft which e profit	s at present will be char	rged interest					ļ

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Question	Answer				
4(a)		\$	\$		4
, ,	Sales revenue	20	3 0 0 0		
	Variable costs				
	Direct materials	48 140			
	Direct labour	38 860			
	Production overheads	23 200			
	Selling expenses		<u>0 500</u> (1)		
	Contribution	7.	2500 (1)OF		
	Fixed costs				
	Production overheads	20450			
	Administration overheads	32 250			
	Selling expenses	<u>15 600</u> <u>6</u>	<u>8 300</u> (1)		
	Profit for the quarter	<u></u>	4 200 (1) O F		
4(b)	Contribution per unit: 72500/5800				2
	Breakeven point: 68 300 / 1.25 = 54	640 units (1)OF			
4(c)(i)	Proposal A				4
				\$	
	Variable costs	130 500 - (58 000 × \$	60.10) – (203 000 ×	2%) 120 640 (1)OF	
	Variable costs per unit	120640/58000		2.08 (1)OF	
	Contribution per unit	3.50 - 2.08		1.42	
	Fixed costs	68 300 – 12 000		56300 (1)OF	
4(c)(ii)	Proposal B				6
				\$	
	Variable costs	130 500 + (58 000 × \$	50.15) +	141 230 (1)OF	
		$(58000\times0.35\times10\%)$	•	- •	
	Variable costs per unit	141 230 / 58 000	/ (2.435 (1)OF	
	Contribution per unit	3.85 – 2.435		1.415	
	Fixed costs	68 300 + 5000 (1) – 1	2000	61 300 (1)OF	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(d)	Proposal A Benefits (Max 2)	8
	Breakeven point reduces from 54 640 units to 53 733 units	
	 Reduced cash outflows on direct materials and administrative expenses 	
	Proposal A Drawbacks (Max 2)	
	Reduced sales commission may result in fewer agency sales	
	Reduced administrative backup may hinder growth	
	Less expensive direct material may affect quality Padve deposition and a description of the state of th	
	Redundancy will incur costs / demotivate staff / result in bad image	
	Proposal B Benefits (Max 2)	
	Opportunity to market new improved product	
	 More expensive direct material may enhance quality 	
	Opportunity to raise awareness with advertising spend	
	Sales commission retained at current level	
	Proposal B Drawbacks (Max 2)	
	Breakeven point increases from 54 640 units to 57 456 units	
	 Reduced administrative backup may hinder growth 	
	Increased cash outflow of direct materials and advertising	
	Will sufficient sales be made to reach breakeven point? Padvenden as will income costs / demotivate staff / result in had impose.	
	Redundancy will incur costs / demotivate staff / result in bad image	
	1 mark for recommendation. Overall max 7 marks for benefits and drawbacks	
	Overall max / marks for benefits and drawbacks	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(e)	Advantages:	6
	Facilitates longer term planning	
	Promotes co-ordination between departments	
	Enables monitoring and control	
	Can act as motivation for employees	
	Helps the allocation and use of resources	
	 May provide a framework for delegation / responsibility accounting 	
	Aids decision making	
	Disadvantages:	
	Can discourage innovation	
	May de-motivate staff if set too challenging	
	May prevent progress if set too undemanding	
	 Can be a time consuming and costly operation 	
	May require specialist staff	
	 May cause conflict between departments regarding the allocation of resources 	
	1 mark for each valid point	

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