## Mark Scheme (Results)

## October 2022

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level in Biology (WBI15)
Paper 01: Respiration, Internal Environment, Coordination and
Gene Technology

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| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 (a)(i) | C is the correct answer |  | Computer |
| - A is not correct as three of the statements are correct |  |  |  |
| - B is not correct as three of the statements are correct |  |  |  |
| - D is not correct as three of the statements are correct |  |  |  |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1(a)(ii) | D is the correct answer |  | Computer |
|  | - A is incorrect as blood does not become less acidic <br> - B is incorrect as muscles do not become less fatigued |  |  |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1(b) | A description that includes two of the following points: | can piece together <br> reference to movement of electrons <br> along electron carriers releasing <br> energy to \{pump protons into <br> intermembrane space / create <br> electrochemical gradient \} |  |
| - accept explanation of how proton gradient set up (1) | (2) |  |  |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(c) | D is the correct answer <br> - A is not the correct answer as ATP is not the first molecule to contain the radioactive oxygen <br> - $B$ is not the correct answer as carbon dioxide is not the first molecule to contain the radioactive oxygen <br> - C is not the correct answer as reduced NAD is not the first molecule to contain the radioactive oxygen |  | Computer <br> (1) |


| Question number | Answer ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(a)(i) | $B$ is the correct answer <br> - A is not the correct answer as actin does not join bone to bone <br> - C is not the correct answer as muscle does not join bone to bone <br> - $D$ is not the correct answer as tendon does not join bone to bone | Computer <br> (1) |
| Question number | Answer | Mark |
| 2(a)(ii) | D is the correct answer <br> - A is not the correct answer as actin does not join muscle to bone <br> - B is not the correct answer as ligament does not join muscle to bone <br> - $C$ is not the correct answer as myosin does not join muscle to bone | Computer <br> (1) |
| Question number | Answer | Mark |
| 2(a)(iii) | $D$ is the correct answer <br> - A is not the correct answer as actin and myosin are not made of carbohydrates <br> - $\quad B$ is not the correct answer as actin and myosin are not made of fatty acids <br> - C is not the correct answer as actin and myosin are not made of nucleic acids | Computer <br> (1) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2(b)(i) | An explanation that includes two of the following points: <br> - muscles are in antagonistic pairs / have extensor and flexor <br> muscles (1) | muscles if named - rectus femoris and <br> gastrocnemius / fibialis <br> accept muscles work antagonistically | Expert <br> (2) |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(b)(ii) | A description that includes three of the following points: <br> - ATP binds to the myosin head (1) <br> - \{releasing the myosin head from the actin strand/breaking the cross-bridge\} (1) <br> - ATP is hydrolysed (1) <br> - (providing energy) to change the myosin head \{shape / position\}(1) <br> - allowing myosin to bind to actin / form actin-myosin cross bridge (1) | mps need to be in logical order to gain credit <br> ACCEPT ATP broken down into ADP and Pi <br> Do not accept the power stroke | Expert <br> (3) |


| Question number | Answer |  | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(a)(i) | An answer that includes the following points |  | all correct 2 marks 1 or 2 or 3 correct 1 mark 0 correct 0 marks accept dendrite / dendron accept axon terminal do not accept synapse(s) | Graduate <br> (2) |
|  | Label | Part |  |  |
|  | L | dendrites |  |  |
|  | M | cell body / centron |  |  |
|  | N | axon |  |  |
|  | O | (pre)synaptic \{endings /knob/bulb\} |  |  |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(a)(ii) | Dis the correct answer <br> - A in not correct because lidocaine inhibits <br> sodium ion channels |  | Computer |
| - B in not correct because lidocaine inhibiting |  |  |  |
| sodium ion channels |  |  |  |
| - C in not correct because lidocaine inhibiting |  |  |  |
| sodium ion channels |  |  |  |$\quad$| (1) |
| :--- |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(b)(i) | • (scanning) electron (microscope)/sem / em (1) | Do not accept electric / electrical <br> /electronic <br> Do not accept transmission electron <br> microscope / tem <br> Do not accept microgram | (1) |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(b)(ii) | A calculation showing the following steps <br> - correct measurement of $X-Y$ in $\mu \mathrm{m}$ (1) <br> - calculation of thickness of connecting tissue (1) <br> OR <br> - calculation of thickness (1) <br> - conversion to $\mu \mathrm{m}$ (1) | $\begin{aligned} & 11000 \mu \mathrm{~m} \\ & (11000 \div 3300)=3.3 / 3.33 / 3.333 / 3 \\ & \mu \mathrm{~m} \\ & 1 \text { mark for power of } 10 \text { errors e.g. } \\ & 0.33 \text { or } 0.0033 \text { or } 333 \\ & (11 \div 3300)=0.00333 \\ & (1.1 \div 3300)=0.0333 \\ & (0.00333) \times 1000=3.3 / 3.33 / 3.333 / \\ & 3 \mu \mathrm{~m} \\ & 1 \text { mark for power of } 10 \text { errors e.g. } \\ & 0.33 \text { or } 0.0033 \text { or } 333 \\ & \\ & \text { No ECF } \end{aligned}$ | Expert <br> (2) |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(b)(iii) | An explanation that includes three of the following points <br> - myelin (sheath) acts as an insulator (1) <br> - gaps (in myelin sheath) are called nodes of Ranvier /nodes of Ranvier have higher number of (voltage gated) sodium channels (1) <br> - \{action potentials/depolarization\} can only occur at nodes on Ranvier (in myelinated neurones)(1) <br> - (therefore) impulse jumps from one node of Ranvier to the next(1) | accept \{action potentials / depolarization\}occur along the whole unmyelinated neurone mp4 accept converse accept reference to saltatory conduction | Expert <br> (3) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(a)(i) | A description that includes the following points: | Expert |  |
| -general trend the higher the (resting) heart rate the lower the life <br> expectancy/ no clear relationship between the (resting) heart rate <br> the life expectancy (1) accept negative correlation <br> - the higher the (resting) heart rate the lower the (mean) mass (1)  <br> - the higher the (resting) heart rate the lower the (mean resting)  <br> metabolic rate (1)  | accept converse | accept converse |  |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(a)(ii) | A calculation with the following steps <br> - calculation of oxygen used per kilogram(1) <br> - calculation of oxygen used for 4500 kg elephant(1) <br> - correct answer in standard form (1) | $\begin{aligned} & (1400 \div 5780)=0.24 \\ & (4500 \times 0.24)=1080 \end{aligned}$ <br> $1.09 \times 10^{3} / 1.0896 \times 10^{3}$ ignoring any units <br> ECF for mps 2 and 3 alternate method working out: <br> 1 mark for $1400 \times 4500=6300000$ <br> for 2 marks $(4500 \times 1400) \div 5780=$ 1089.96 | Expert <br> (3) |


| 1 mark | 2 marks | 3 marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(1400 \div 5780)=0.24$ | $(4500 \times 0.24)=1080$ | $1.09 \times 10^{3}$ |
| $1400 \times 4500=6300000$ | $(4500 \times 1400) \div 5780=$ <br> 1089.96 or 1089.97 or 1090 | $1.0896 \times 10^{3}$ |
|  | $6.3 \times 10^{6}(1+3$ ECF $)$ | $1.08 \times 10^{3}$ |
|  | $2.4 \times 10^{-1}(1+3$ ECF $)$ | $1.1 \times 10^{3}$ |
| Mp1 incorrect but correct <br> conversion to standard <br> form |  |  |
|  | MP1 correct $\div$ wrong <br> denominator with correct <br> standard form(1+3ECF $)$ |  |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(b)(i) | An explanation that includes the following points: <br> - chemoreceptors detect \{lower pH of blood / increased blood $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ concentration\}/ baroreceptors detect change in blood pressure (1) <br> - (electrical) \{impulses sent to medulla (oblongata)/cardiovascular control centre (CVC) \} / chemoreceptors are located in medulla oblongata (1) <br> - impulses travel \{from the medulla oblongata / via sympathetic nervous system $\}$ to the SAN /more impulses sent to \{AVN/ bundle of His / Purkyne fibres\} (1) <br> - (causing SAN) to increase frequency of depolarisation causing an increase in \{heart rate / systole\} (1) | Do not accept reference to signals / messages <br> increased adrenaline production <br> adrenaline which circulates in the blood <br> mp3 adrenaline binds to receptors in \{heart muscle / SAN\} <br> mp4 (causing SAN) to increase frequency of depolarisation causing an increase in \{heart rate / systole\} <br> chemoreceptors in medulla oblongata detect increase in blood $\mathrm{CO}_{2}=2$ marks | Expert <br> (4) |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(b)(ii) | An answer that includes two of the following points: <br> - fast twitch muscles fatigue quickly / are for short distance (sprinting) /cheetah cannot get oxygen fast enough for aerobic respiration (1) <br> - (cells / muscles) respire by anaerobic respiration (1) <br> - (therefore) build up of \{lactic acid / oxygen debt\} (from anaerobic respiration) (1) | the sprint requires large amounts of ATP (for muscle contraction) <br> accept lactate accept release of heat so body temperature goes up rapidly / homeostatic mechanisms cannot occur quick enough | Expert <br> (2) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $5(\mathrm{a})$ | C is the correct answer |  |  |
| •a high glomerular filtration does not enable the camel to reduce <br> water loss | (1) |  |  |
| a slow release of ADH does not enable the camel to reduce water <br> loss |  |  |  |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(b)(i) | A calculation with the following steps <br> - calculation of water use each day for camel and buffalo (1) <br> - correct difference in dm3 to two significant figures(1) | $\begin{aligned} & (57 \times 850)=48450 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} \\ & (150 \times 697)=104550 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} \\ & (104550-48450) \div 1000=56\left(\mathrm{dm}^{3}\right) \end{aligned}$ <br> 56.1 = 1 mark <br> Power of 10 error 1 mark eg 561 <br> 150-57=93 and then dividing by 1000 to get $0.093=1$ mark | Graduate <br> (2) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5(b)(ii) | An answer that includes the following points: | Expert |  |
| • credit one adaptation / environmental condition (1) | accept different habitat <br> accept different environmental <br> condition |  |  |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(c) | An answer that includes three of the following points: <br> - (overall)l both fresh water and sea water increased (mean) mass (of kangaroo rats) (1) <br> - fresh water increased (mean) mass (of kangaroo rats) more than sea water <br> - credit any calculated change in mass over days/ or daily change (1) | can piece together from separate descriptions of data <br> accept fresh water caused the highest increase in(mean) mass <br> e.g. 6 g difference between fresh and no water / 0.5 g difference between fresh and salt water <br> $/$ decrease of $\{0.2 / 0.6 / 1.8\} \mathrm{g}$ after 2 days / increase of $\{0.5 / 1\} \mathrm{g}$ after 16 days <br> Fresh $0.83 \%$ and sea $0.42 \%$ daily | Expert <br> (3) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5(d) | An answer that includes two of the following points: <br> - (nephron has) long(er) loop of Henle (1) | Expert <br> accept reference to counter current <br> multiplier <br> accept ADH results in increased <br> absorption of water <br> accept increased permeability to <br> water in DCT and collecting duct <br> accept ADH causes insertion of <br> \{water channels / aquaporins\} in <br> DCT and collecting duct | (2) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6(a) | A is the correct answer  <br> $\bullet$ B is not the correct answer as Pr does not break down in the dark <br> $\bullet$ C is not the correct answer as Pr does not absorb far red light <br> $\bullet$ D is not the correct answer as Pr does not absorb far red light nor <br> break down in the dark  |  | (1) |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(b) | An explanation that includes three of the following points: <br> - auxin accumulates on shaded side (of the tip/stem/shoot/plant) (1) <br> - \{stimulating/causing\} cell elongation (1) <br> - detail of mechanism of action of auxin (1) <br> - causing the plant to grow towards \{light / sun\} (1) | accept accumulates on the left of diagram <br> accept auxins move away from the exposed light <br> e.g. auxins stimulate the transport of Hydrogen ions into the cell wall or decrease pH activating \{cell wall proteins / enzymes / chemicals /expansins\} / \{altering the hydrogen bonding within / decreasing strength of\} the cell wall allowing elongation when water taken in / ref to activation of transcription factors <br> accept causing positive phototropism do not accept bend towards light | Expert <br> (3) |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(c) | An explanation that includes four of the following points: <br> - (gibberellin) binds to receptor / carrier molecule in the cell / acts as a transcription factor(1) <br> - (amylase) \{transcription factor/gene is activated\} (1) <br> - allowing \{(amylase gene) transcription / production of (amylase) mRNA / translation mRNA / production of amylase\} (1) <br> - amylase (hydrolyses/ converts) starch into \{maltose / glucose\} (1) | ignore amylose <br> transcription factor binding to promotor region of gene cause the inactivation of (amylase) gene \{inhibitor protein/repressor molecule\} <br> ignore monomers <br> activates gene that produces amylase = mps 2 and 3 | Expert <br> (4) |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(d) | An answer that includes four of the following points: <br> - both natural and synthetic auxin cause an increase (in cell number) (1) <br> - \{natural auxin/ IAA\} greater effect on growth than \{synthetic auxin / NAA\} (1) <br> - IAA at $0.1\left(\mu \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}{ }^{-3}\right)$ was the most effective at increasing \{growth / cell number\} (1) <br> - $1\left(\mu \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}{ }^{-3}\right)$ was the most effective NAA concentration at increasing \{growth / cell number\} (1) <br> - IAA is \{better / more effective / has more cells\} at lower concentrations(1) | can piece together both natural and synthetic auxin are better than the control at all concentrations <br> IAA gives a greater increase in number of cells than NAA <br> Accept most cell number <br> Accept most cell number <br> Accept higher concentrations of auxin(IAA) \{had lower increase in growth / had lower increase in number of cells\} Accept converse Accept negative correlation | Expert <br> (4) |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(a)(i) | A description that includes four of the following points: <br> - \{identify/isolate/ cut out $\}$ the (human) rHE gene (1) <br> - Cut \{DNA sequence / gene\} using restriction \{endonuclease / enzyme\} (1) <br> - insert the gene into a vector (1) <br> - inserting vector into suitable target (sheep) \{cell / tissue\} (1) | gene coding for rHE is isolated using restriction enzymes $=2$ marks <br> accept named vector e.g. plasmid, virus ignore bacteria <br> e.g. udder cells / milk (protein) producing cells /fertilized sheep egg cell / embryo /zygote | Expert <br> (4) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7(a)(ii) |  | accept 77 or 78 | Graduate |
|  | •77.5 (\%) |  | (1) |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(a)(iii) | A description that includes four of the following points: <br> - rHE acts as an antigen (1) <br> - \{(phagocyte /macrophage / APC\} presents antigen to (B/T) lymphocyte (1) <br> - Thelper cells activate the $B$ cells (1) <br> - differentiate into plasma cells (1) <br> - plasma cells \{release/ produce\} (anti-rHE) antibodies (1) | accept antigen recognized as foreign <br> accept $B$ cells present antigen to themselves. <br> accept $T$ helper cells cause the production / formation of $B$ effector cells and $B$ memory cells | Expert <br> (4) |


| Question number | Answer Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(b) | An answer that includes the following points: <br> Indicative content - description from graphs and experimental data <br> - (many) crops have been engineered to provide resistance to pests or herbicides eg. soybean, corn <br> - soybean will not be killed by (glycophosphate) herbicides <br> - corn will not be eaten by the core borer <br>  <br> - herbicide tolerant soybean went from 7\% of planted area in 1996 to $95 \%$ in 2017 <br> - insect resistant corn went from 6\% in 1996 to $88 \%$ in 2017 <br> - increase in planting of both GM soybean and GM corn <br> - more GM soybean planted (than GM corn) <br> - general increase in production of genetically modified crops <br> explanation of benefits <br> - higher yields / less damage by pests <br> - more appealing colour / useful feature <br> - GE foods having longer shelf life <br> - more predictable food supplies for ever growing population $\qquad$ <br> - improved nutritional content <br> - 'medication' provided through GE foods <br> - can help prevent \{malnutrition / disease\} $\qquad$ <br> - (reduced use / cost) of herbicides and pesticides <br> - withstand environmental conditions $\qquad$ <br> discussion of risks <br> - increasing demand agricultural resources and land <br> - reducing land available to grow other crops <br> - increasing monoculture <br> - declining biodiversity / stated effect on (stated local ecosystem) <br> - unknown consequences of foreign gene expression / long term effect unknown <br> - horizontal gene transfer to other organisms and species eg antibiotic resistance, weeds becoming herbicide | Expert <br> (6) |



| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(a) | An explanation that includes four of the following points: <br> - rhodopsin (in rod cells) absorb light and \{splits into retinal and opsin / becomes bleached\}(1) <br> - cis-retinal converted to trans-retinal(1) <br> - sodium ion channels (in surface membrane) close (1) <br> - \{rod cell / membrane\} becomes hyperpolarised (1) <br> - no glutamate transmitter \{released/produced\} (into synaptic cleft) (1) | accept rhodopsin absorbs light and forms opsin /light hits rhodopsin and bleaches it <br> accept membrane permeability to sodium ions decreases <br> do not accept (opsin) blocks $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$ channel | Expert <br> (4) |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(b) | An answer that includes three of the following points: <br> - extraction of mRNA (1) <br> - use of (specific) microarray (1) <br> - use of fluorescent \{dyes /marker/ probe\}(1) <br> - (comparing stimulated and un-stimulated neurones) \{use of bioinformatics/ algorithms to analyse data\} (1) <br> OR <br> - extraction of mRNA(1) <br> - use of reverse transcriptase to form CDNA(1) <br> - use of $\operatorname{PCR}(1)$ <br> - use of gel electrophoresis and compare banding(1) | Do not pick and mix accept reference to samples of mRNA <br> [ignore marker gene] | Expert <br> (3) |
| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| 8(c) | An explanation that includes three of the following points: <br> - (capsaicin)\{activates/binds to\} a receptor (1) <br> - opens ion channels in neurons (1) <br> - results in \{depolarization / action potential / impulse\} (in neuron (1) <br> - relay neuron transmits \{action potential/ impulse\} (to the brain where) it is perceived as pain (1) | accept TRPV1 as named receptor <br> accept named ion channel <br> do not accept if in motor neurone | Expert <br> (3) |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(d) | An explanation that includes three of the following <br> - (stimulus causes) ion channel to change shape (1) <br> - (which causes) ion channels $\{$ to / are $\}$ open(1) <br> - allowing influx of (sodium / calcium) ions (1) <br> - initiates \{depolarization/ action potential\} (1) | ignore potassium ions accept calcium ions cause release of neurotransmitters <br> accept if it goes above threshold level | Expert <br> (3) |
| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| 8(e) | A explanation that includes three of the following points: <br> - \{mechanical stimulus / pressure\} changes shape of the membrane (1) <br> - causes \{ion channel / protein\} to \{change shape /activated/ open\} (1) <br> - allowing influx of (sodium / calcium) ions (1) <br> - initiates \{depolarization/ action potential\} (1) | accept stretches membrane ignore potassium ions | Expert <br> (3) |


| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(f) | An explanation that includes two of the following points: <br> - by comparing \{DNA base/amino acid\} sequences (1) <br> - piezo 2 has similar structure to piezo 1 (1) <br> - both Piezo1 and Piezo 2(gene) could be inactivated in the same way (1) <br> - both (Piezo1 and Piezo2) are activated by pressure (on cell membrane) (1) | accept a second protein / amino acid with a similar \{structure / DNA base sequence\} was identified <br> accept pressure makes them both open accept respond to mechanical stimuli accept respond the same to stimuli | Expert <br> (2) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8(g) | An answer that includes three of the following points: <br> - TRPV1 channels are sensitive to temperature (of the blood) (1) | Expert |  |
| - impulse transmitted to \{CNS / ANS / hypothalamus/brain\} (1) | (2) |  |  |
| - credit description of what (hypothalamus does) to maintain core |  |  |  |
| body temperature (1) |  |  |  |$\quad$|  |
| :--- |

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