## Cambridge O Level



## MATHEMATICS (SYLLABUS D)

You must answer on the question paper.
You will need: Geometrical instruments

## INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For $\pi$, use either your calculator value or 3.142 .


## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 100 .
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].


A cuboid has dimensions $x \mathrm{~cm},(5-x) \mathrm{cm}$ and 15 cm .
(a) Show that the equation for the volume of the cuboid, $y \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$, is $y=75 x-15 x^{2}$.
(b) Complete the table of values for $y=75 x-15 x^{2}$.

| $x$ | 1 | 1.5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 60 | 78.75 | 90 |  | 90 | 78.75 | 60 |

(c) Draw the graph of $y=75 x-15 x^{2}$ for $1 \leqslant x \leqslant 4$.

(d) [Volume of pyramid $=\frac{1}{3} \times$ base area $\times$ height]


The diagram shows a pyramid with a square base of side length 9 cm .
The pyramid has height $x \mathrm{~cm}$ and volume $y \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.
(i) Show that the equation for the volume of the pyramid is $y=27 x$.
(ii) By drawing a suitable straight line on the grid on page 2, find the height of the pyramid when the pyramid and the cuboid have the same volume.

2 (a) Filomena starts work at 10.45 am on Monday. She finishes work 2 hours 50 minutes later.

Find the time she finishes work on Monday.
(b) Xavier works for 5 days each week.

He works for $4 \frac{1}{2}$ hours on each of the 5 days.
(i) Each week he earns $\$ 261$.

Calculate the hourly rate he is paid.
(ii) One day, the length of time Xavier works decreases by $20 \%$.

Calculate the length of time he works that day.
Give your answer in hours and minutes.
$\qquad$ minutes
(c) In 2021, Miguel's income was $\$ 32000$.

In 2022, his income increased to $\$ 33408$.
Calculate the percentage increase in his income from 2021 to 2022.
$\qquad$ \% [2]
(d) Miguel invests $\$ x$ in an account paying simple interest at a rate of $1.2 \%$ per year. At the end of 3 years, he has $\$ 890.96$ in the account.

Calculate the value of $x$.

$$
x=
$$

3 (a)


NOT TO
SCALE
$P Q$ is parallel to $R S$.
$A B C D$ is a straight line.
$B E=C E$ and $A \hat{B E}=110^{\circ}$.
Calculate $E \hat{C} Q$, giving a reason for each step of your working.
$E \hat{C} Q=$ because $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b)

$U, V, W, X$ and $Y$ are points on the circumference of a circle, centre $O$. $U Y$ is a diameter of the circle and $Z X$ is a tangent to the circle at $X$.
$V \hat{U} X=35^{\circ}, X \hat{Z} Y=a^{\circ}$ and $V \hat{W} Y=b^{\circ}$.
Find an expression for $b$ in terms of $a$. Give your answer in its simplest form.

$$
\begin{equation*}
b= \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

4 The cumulative frequency diagram shows the amount of fuel, $f$ litres, bought by 100 customers at a service station one day.

(a) Use the diagram to estimate
(i) the median
$\qquad$ litres
(ii) the interquartile range.
(b) That day the price of a litre of fuel at the service station was $\$ 1.75$.

Use the diagram to find the fraction of customers who spent more than $\$ 91.00$ on fuel.
(c) Complete the frequency table for the amount of fuel bought by these 100 customers.

| Amount of fuel <br> $(f$ litres $)$ | $10<f \leqslant 20$ | $20<f \leqslant 30$ | $30<f \leqslant 40$ | $40<f \leqslant 50$ | $50<f \leqslant 60$ | $60<f \leqslant 70$ | $70<f \leqslant 80$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 14 | 38 | 20 |  |  |  |  |

5 (a) $\mathscr{E}=\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12\}$
$P=\{x: x$ is a multiple of 3$\}$
$Q=\{x: x$ is an odd number $\}$
$R=\{x: x$ is a factor of 24$\}$
(i) Complete the Venn diagram.

(ii) Find $\mathrm{n}\left(R^{\prime}\right)$.
$\qquad$
(iii) List the elements of $(P \cup R) \cap Q$.
$\qquad$
(iv) Describe, in words, the type of number represented by $P \cap R \cap Q^{\prime}$.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(v) A number, $m$, is chosen at random from the elements of $R$.

Find the probability that $m$ is a multiple of 3 .
(b) $M=2^{2 x} \times 3^{4} \times 5 \times 7$
$N=2^{3} \times 3^{x-y} \times 5^{2}$
The lowest common multiple (LCM) of $M$ and $N$ is $2^{8} \times 3^{6} \times 5^{2} \times 7$.
(i) Find the value of $x$ and the value of $y$.
$\qquad$

$$
y=
$$

(ii) Find the largest square number that is a factor of $M$.
(iii) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of $M$ and $N$. Give your answer as a product of its prime factors.

6 (a) Simplify $3 u-6 w-5 u+9 w$.
(b) Emilio buys $m$ pencils at 40 cents each and 12 pens at 85 cents each.

He pays $\$ 20$ and receives $\$ 2.20$ change.
Form an equation in $m$ and solve it to find the number of pencils Emilio buys. Show your working.
(c) $y$ is directly proportional to the cube of $(x-2)$.

When $y=12, x=4$.
Find $y$ when $x=5$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
y= \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

(d) Write as a single fraction in its simplest form.

$$
\frac{3}{x-1}-\frac{4}{2 x+1}
$$

7 (a) $A B C$ is a triangle with $A C=8.3 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $B \hat{A} C=105^{\circ}$.
(i) Construct triangle $A B C$.

Line $A B$ has been drawn for you.

(ii) By taking suitable measurements from your triangle, calculate the perimeter of triangle $A B C$.
cm [2]
(b)


NOT TO
SCALE

The diagram shows quadrilateral $P Q R S$.
$S Q=15 \mathrm{~cm}, S \hat{P} Q=67^{\circ}$ and $P \hat{Q} S=74^{\circ}$.
(i) Calculate $P S$.
cm [3]
(ii) $P \hat{S} R=96^{\circ}$ and the area of triangle $Q R S$ is $63 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$.
(a) Show that $S R=10.0 \mathrm{~cm}$, correct to 1 decimal place.
(b) Calculate $Q R$.

8 (a) Maya leaves the office for a factory visit.
The distance-time graph shows her journey from the office to the factory.

(i) Maya stays at the factory for $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hours.

She then returns to the office at an average speed of $35 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.
Complete the distance-time graph to show this information.
(ii) Use your graph to find the time Maya arrives back at the office.
(b) The diagram shows the distance-time graph for the journey of a cyclist. The cyclist travels $d$ metres from home to a lake and then returns home.

Distance from home


NOT TO SCALE

At 0836 the cyclist is $(d-7200)$ metres from home.
The average speed of the cyclist between 0800 and 0836 is $\frac{4}{5}$ of the average speed of the cyclist between 0910 and 0955 .

Calculate the value of $d$.

$$
d=
$$

$\qquad$

9 The Bukhari family and the Garcia family are going on holiday.
In the Bukhari family there are 2 adults and 3 children. In the Garcia family there are 4 adults and 1 child.
(a) Complete matrix $\mathbf{M}$ to represent this information.
$\mathbf{M}=\left(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Adults } & \text { Children } \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \text { Garcia }\end{array}\right.$
(b) The cost of a flight for each adult is $\$ x$ and the cost of a flight for each child is $\$ y$.

The matrix $\mathbf{N}=\binom{x}{y}$ shows this information.
The matrix $\mathbf{P}=\mathbf{M N}=\binom{525}{575}$.
(i) Using an algebraic method, find the value of $x$ and the value of $y$. Show your working.

$$
\begin{align*}
& x=\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~
\end{align*}
$$

(ii) Explain what each element in $\mathbf{P}$ represents.
$\qquad$

10 Bags of sweets are packed into boxes.
(a) A box is opened and the number of sweets in each bag is counted. The results are shown in the table.

| Number of sweets | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 15 | 26 | 38 | $p$ | 9 |

(i) Explain why the total number of bags in the box cannot be 87 .
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(ii) The mean number of sweets per bag in this box is 12.8 .

Find the value of $p$.

$$
p=
$$

(b) Another box is opened and the number of sweets in each bag is counted. The results are shown in the table.

| Number of sweets | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 12 | 28 | 39 | $r$ | 9 |

A bag of sweets is chosen at random from this box and not replaced. A second bag of sweets is then chosen at random from the same box.
The probability that both bags contain 15 sweets is $\frac{4}{539}$.
(i) Show that $r^{2}+175 r-2046=0$.
(ii) Solve $r^{2}+175 r-2046=0$ to find the value of $r$. Show your working.

$$
\begin{equation*}
r= \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

11


The diagram shows an open container on a horizontal surface.
The container is a prism with trapezium $A B C D$ as its cross-section. $A B=28 \mathrm{~cm}, D C=24 \mathrm{~cm}, A D=16 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $B F=29 \mathrm{~cm}$.
Angle $A D C$ and angle $D A B$ are right angles.
(a) Calculate angle $D C B$.

## Angle $D C B=$

(b) Khalil pours water into the empty container at a rate of $4000 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} /$ minute for 2 minutes. He says that the container is now more than two thirds full.

Is he correct?
Show your working.
(c) Calculate angle $D F H$.

$$
\text { Angle } D F H=
$$

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