

Mark Scheme (Results)

November 2023

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Biology (4BI1) Paper 2B

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(a)	An explanation that makes reference to the following points:		2
	 burning of / combustion of / eq (1) (more) petrol / fuel / diesel / eq (1) 	Ignore cars release carbon dioxide	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)	An explanation that makes reference to two of the following points:		2
	 carbon dioxide is a greenhouse gas / causes a greenhouse effect / eq (1) 	Accept it is a greenhouse gas	
	 traps (IR) radiation / prevents escape of (IR) radiation / traps heat / eq (1) 	Accept absorbs heat Ignore traps light	
	 causes global warming / causes increase in temperature / eq (1) 		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(c)	 An explanation that makes reference to the following points: carbon dioxide is a reactant / raw material / is needed for photosynthesis / eq (1) 	Accept carbon dioxide is used in photosynthesis / required by photosynthesis Accept equation	2
	 carbon dioxide can be a limiting factor / eq (1) 		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(d)	 An explanation that makes reference to two of the following points: (carbon sink) absorbs more CO₂ (than it releases) / eq (1) respiration releases carbon dioxide / eq (1) 		2
	 deforestation releases carbon dioxide by decomposition / decay / combustion / eq (1) 	Accept fewer trees / deforestation results in less photosynthesis / less carbon dioxide absorbed	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(e)	 A description that makes reference to three of the following points: place leaves in test tubes / eq with hydrogen-carbonate indicator (1) 		3
	 leaf in light and leaf in dark / eq (1) 	Accept change distance of lamp / place in bright light and dark room / other correct method	
	 in light, indicator turns purple / dark red / eq / in dark turns yellow / eq (1) 	Accept stays orange in dim light	
	 same size leaf / species leaf / same age of leaf / same time / same temperature / same volume of indicator / same concentration of indicator / eq (1) 	Accept use pond weed Accept control for same	

Question Number	Answer	additional guidance	Mark
1(f)	2 stomata in area of 0.4mm × 0.4mm = 0.04 cm × 0.04 cm 2 in 0.0016cm ²	Allow full marks for correct answer no working	3
	therefore density = $2 \div 0.0016$ stomata per cm ² total number in 150 cm ²	If not correct answer, look for:	
	$= 150 \times (2 \div 0.0016)$	Accept 1875 (or other versions e.g. 18750) for 2 marks	
	=150 × 1250 = 187500 stomata (3)	Accept 93750 (or other versions e.g. 9.375) for 2 marks	
	OR	OR	
	150 / 0.0016 = 93750	Accept ÷ `16' (e.g. 0.0016 or 16) for 1 mark	
	93750 x 2 = 187500	AND	
		Accept x 150 or 150 divided by another number for 1 mark	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(g)	 An explanation that makes reference to the following points: water loss / transpiration / evaporation / diffusion (through stomata) / (set up) transpiration stream / eq (1) 	
	 draws water up from roots / up stem / up xylem / into leaf / creates a (water potential) gradient / eq (1) 	

Total 16 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(a)	 An answer that makes reference to: (biological) catalyst / substance that speeds up reactions / protein that speeds up reactions / eq (1) 	1

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(b)	 An answer that makes reference to: increased surface area / so more catalase exposed to the H₂O₂ / speeds up reaction / eq (1) 	1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(c)(i)	 An answer that makes reference to: volume of gas (released in 5 minutes) / eq (1) 	Ignore amount	1

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(c)(ii)	 An answer that refers to two of the following: concentration of peroxide / eq (1) temperature (1) volume of (pH) buffer / eq (1) 	2

Question Number	Answer	additional guidance	Mark
2(d)(i)	2.4- 0.8 = 1.6 ÷ 0.8 × 100 = 200% (2)	allow full marks for correct answer no working Accept 1 mark for 1.6 OR (2.4 – 0.8)	2

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(d)(ii)	 An explanation that makes reference to two of the following points: substrate / H₂O₂ is being used up / reaction complete / concentration of H₂O₂ decreases / eq (1) 	Accept peroxide has been broken down / converted to products	2
	 so fewer enzyme substrate- complexes / fewer collisions / eq (1) water formed dilutes H₂O₂ / eq (1) 	Accept fewer collisions between particles	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(d)(iii)	 An explanation that makes reference to the following points: pH changes from <u>optimum pH</u> / enzymes have <u>optimum pH</u> / eq (1) pH denatures enzyme / alters the bonding / alters shape of active site / eq (1) substrate and enzyme no longer fit / ES complexes cannot form / substrate cannot bind / enzyme and substrate are no longer complementary / eq (1) 	3

Total 12 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(i)	The only correct answer is	1
	C (S)	
	A is not the answer as P is not the Bowman's capsule	
	B is not the answer as R is not the Bowman's capsule	
	D is not the answer as T is not the Bowman's capsule	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(ii)	The only correct answer is	1
	B (Q)	
	A is not the answer as P is not the Loop of Henle	
	C is not the answer as S is not the Loop of Henle	
	D is not the answer as U is not the Loop of Henle	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(iii)	The only correct answer is A (P)	1
	B is not the answer as Q is not affected	
	C is not the answer as S is not affectedD is not the answer as T is not affected	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)(i)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following points:		3
	• glucose passes from <u>glomerulus</u> /	Accept glucose passes out from	
	glucose passes into <u>renal</u> / <u>Bowman's</u>	R / passes into S	
	<u>capsule</u> / eq (1)		
	 <u>reabsorbed</u> / absorbed back into blood 		
	/ eq (1)		
	• by active transport / eq (1)		
		• • • •	
	 (reabsorbed) in the proximal 	Accept in T	
	convoluted tubule / PCT / first		
	convoluted tubule / eq (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)(ii)	A description that makes reference to two of the following points: add Benedict's solution (and heat) / eq (1)	Accept Clinistix / eq Accept Fehling's	2
	 red / orange / yellow / green colour show positive result / eq (1) 	Accept Clinistix go brown / eq	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(c)	A description that makes reference to the following points:	2
	• less urine / lower volume / less water / eq (1)	
	• more concentrated / more urea / darker / eq (1)	

Total 10 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(a)	 An answer that makes reference to: (a rare random) change to DNA / change to gene / change to genetic material / eq (1) 	1

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(b)	 An explanation that makes reference to five of the following points: transcription makes mRNA / eq (1) (mRNA will have) different codons / triplets / (base) sequence / order of bases / eq (1) different tRNA binds / different amino acids / different anticodon (on tRNA) / eq (1) different sequence of amino acids / order of amino acids / chain_of amino acids (1) 	5
	 different protein / different polypeptide / different structure of protein / different shape of protein / different enzyme / different enzyme properties / eq (1) active site no longer fits substrate / ES complexes cannot form / eq (1) may have no effect as same amino acid used / similar amino acid used (1) 	

Question Number	Answer	additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(i)	132.6 + 43.2 = 175.8÷2	allow full marks for correct answer no working	2
	= 87.9 (× 10 ⁸) (2)	Accept 132.6 + 43.2 or 175.8 for 1 mark Accept 88 for 2 marks	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(c)(ii)	 An answer that makes reference to: two divisions in meiosis / one division in mitosis / mitosis and meiosis have different numbers of divisions / eq (1) 	1

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(c)(iii)	 An answer that makes reference to four of the following points: meiosis has higher mutation (in all strains) / mitosis has lower mutation / eq (1) high(est) difference (between mitosis and meiosis) in 5207 (1) small(est) difference between (between mitosis and meiosis) in 5209 (1) low(est) mutation rates (for mitosis / meiosis) in 5209 (1) high(est) rate for mitosis in 5160 (1) high(est) rate for meiosis in 5207 (1) differences between repeats of each strain / eq (1) 	4

Total 13 marks

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)(i)	An explanation that makes reference to two of the following points:		2
	 to make amino acids / eq (1) 	Accept DNA / RNA / chlorophyll	
	• for protein (synthesis) / eq (1)	Accept correct named protein	
	• for growth / eq (1)	Accept growth is slow without nitrates	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(a)(ii)	 V nitrogen fixation / nitrogen fixing / nitrogen fixing bacteria (1) X nitrification / nitrifying / nitrifying bacteria (1) Y denitrification / denitrifying / denitrifying bacteria (1) 	3

Question Number	Answer	additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(i)	An answer that makes reference to four of the following points:		4
	Descriptions		
	 both increase / both have similar pattern up to 1970 / eq (1) 	Accept nitrate in river increases as well as nitrogen on field Accept positive correlation	
	 river nitrate more stable than nitrogen on fields / nitrogen on fields fluctuates / nitrogen on fields is more variable / relationship is less clear from 1980 / eq (1) 	Accept nitrogen on fields goes down (as well as up)	
	Explanations Max 2		
	 nitrate leaches into river / washed into river / eq (1) 		
	 farmers add different amounts of nitrogen / fertiliser / nitrates to field / eq (1) 	Accept changes in rainfall	
	• different crops are grown / eq (1)		
	 river has other sources of nitrate / eq (1) 		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(ii)	A description that makes reference to three of the following points:		3
	 more algal growth / eutrophication / algal bloom / growth of plants / eq (1) 		
	 (more) decomposers / bacteria / microorganisms / eq (1) 		
	 more turbidity / cloudiness / increased organic waste / less light penetration / eq (1) 		
	 less oxygen in river / anoxic / high BOD / eq (1) 	Accept use of oxygen by bacteria / eq	
	 fewer fish species / death of animals / death of organisms / lower biodiversity / fewer underwater plants / eq (1) 		

Total 12 marks

Question Number	Answer	additional guidance	Mark
6(a)	A description that makes reference to two of the following points:		2
	 undifferentiated / unspecialised / can differentiate / can become specialised cells / eq (1) 	Accept can divide whilst remaining undifferentiated	
	 and can become different <u>cell types</u> / eq (1) 	= 2 marks	
	 can continue to divide / continue to multiply / can divide several times / eq (1) 		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b)	 An explanation that makes reference to three of the following points: can make different (blood) cells / red cells and white cells / red cells and platelets / white cells and platelets (1) 	Accept any two types of blood cell, e.g. phagocytes and lymphocytes	3
	 Max two from: red blood cells to treat anaemia / ensure oxygen transport around body / eq (1) 	Accept to treat sickle cell anaemia / thalassemia / eq	
	 white blood cells to kill infections / kill bacteria / remove viruses / improve immunity / increase antibodies / eq (1) platelets to treat blood clotting problems / eq (1) 		
	 any one blood cell type to treat bone marrow cancer / treat leukaemia / treat lymphoma / treat myeloma / recover from chemotherapy / eq 		

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(c)	An explanation that makes reference to two of the following points:	2
	 have same proteins / antigens / eq (1) 	
	 genetically identical / same genes / eq (1) 	
	 no rejection / immune response / no need for immunosuppressant drugs / cells are accepted by body / cells are compatible / cells have same blood group / eq (1) no transfer of other disease / infections / viruses (1) 	

Total 7 marks

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